

## HPLC-DAD-ESI/MS phenolic characterization and biological activity of *Equisetum giganteum* L.

Inés Jabeur<sup>1,2</sup>, Natália Martins<sup>1</sup>, Lillian Barros<sup>1</sup>, Ricardo C. Calhella<sup>1</sup>, Josiana Vaz<sup>1</sup>,  
Lotfi Achour<sup>2</sup>, Celestino Santos-Buelga<sup>3</sup>, Isabel C.F.R. Ferreira<sup>1,\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Mountain Research Centre (CIMO), ESA, Polytechnic Institute of Bragança, Campus de Santa Apolónia, 1172, 5300-253 Bragança, Portugal.

<sup>2</sup>Laboratoire de Recherche “Bioressources”: Biologie Intégrative & Valorisation”, Institut Supérieur de Biotechnologie de Monastir, Avenue Tahar Hadded, BP 74, 5000, Université de Monastir, Monastir, Tunisia.

<sup>3</sup>Grupo de Investigación en Polifenoles (GIP-USAL), Faculty of Pharmacy, University of Salamanca, Campus Miguel de Unamuno, 37007 Salamanca, Spain.

\*iferreira@ipb.pt

Naturally-occurring phytochemicals have received a pivotal attention in the last years, due to the increasing evidences of biological activities. *Equisetum giganteum* L., commonly known as “giant horsetail”, is a native plant from Central and South America, being largely used in dietary supplements as diuretic, hemostatic, anti-inflammatory and anti-rheumatic agents [1,2]. The aim of the present study was to evaluate the antioxidant (scavenging effects on 2,2-diphenyl-1-picrylhydrazyl radicals-RSA, reducing power- RP,  $\beta$ -carotene bleaching inhibition- CBI and lipid peroxidation inhibition- LPI), anti-inflammatory (inhibition of NO production in lipopolysaccharide-stimulated RAW 264.7 macrophages) and cytotoxic (in a panel of four human tumor cell lines: MCF-7- breast adenocarcinoma, NCI-H460- non-small cell lung cancer, HeLa- cervical carcinoma and HepG2- hepatocellular carcinoma; and in non-tumor porcine liver primary cells- PLP2) properties of *E. giganteum*, providing a phytochemical characterization of its extract (ethanol/water, 80:20, v/v), by using high-performance liquid chromatography coupled to diode array detection and electrospray ionisation mass spectrometry (HPLC-DAD-ESI/MS).

*E. giganteum* presented fourteen phenolic compounds, two phenolic acids and twelve flavonol glycoside derivatives, mainly kaempferol derivatives, accounting to 81% of the total phenolic content, being kaempferol-*O*-glucoside-*O*-rutinoside, the most abundant molecule (7.6 mg/g extract). The extract exhibited antioxidant (EC<sub>50</sub> values = 123, 136, 202 and 57.4  $\mu$ g/mL for RSA, RP, CBI and LPI, respectively), anti-inflammatory (EC<sub>50</sub> value = 239  $\mu$ g/mL) and cytotoxic (GI<sub>50</sub> values = 250, 258, 268 and 239  $\mu$ g/mL for MCF-7, NCI-H460, HeLa and HepG2, respectively) properties, which were positively correlated with its concentration in phenolic compounds. Furthermore, up to 400  $\mu$ g/mL, it did not revealed toxicity in non-tumor liver cells.

Thus, this study highlights the potential of *E. giganteum* extracts as rich sources of phenolic compounds that can be used in the food, pharmaceutical and cosmetic fields.

**Keywords:** *Equisetum giganteum*; antioxidant activity; anti-inflammatory activity; cytotoxic properties; phenolic compounds.

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**Inés JABEUR, Natália MARTINS, Lillian BARROS, Ricardo C. CALHELHA, Josiana VAZ, Lotfi ACHOUR,  
Celestino SANTOS-BUELGA, Isabel C.F.R. FERREIRA**

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Pour le comité d'organisation  
Professeur Lotfi ACHOUR

